«ҚАЗАҚСТАННЫҢ АВИАЦИЯЛЫҚ ӘКІМШІЛІГІ» АКЦИОНЕРЛІК ҚОҒАМЫ

010000, Қазақстан Республикасы, Астана қ., Мәңгілік Ел даңғылы 55/15, С2.3 блогы



+7 (7172) 79-82-28 frontoffice@caa.gov.kz www.caa.gov.kz

AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OF KAZAKHSTAN JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Block C2.3, 55/15 Mangilik El Ave, 010000, Astana city, Republic of Kazakhstan

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№ / Қазақстан Республикасы Астана каласы

ПРИКАЗ

66/1237 1 21.12 2023 город Астана Республика Казахстан

ORDER

Ne____/_______/
Astana city
Republic of Kazakhstan

On approval of the Kazakhstan Aviation Safety Plan for 2024-2027

In order to implement International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Assembly Resolution A40-1 "ICAO global planning for safety and air navigation" and concept for the development of transport and logistics potential of the Republic of Kazakhstan until 2030, approved by decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated December 30, 2022 No. 1116, I ORDER:

- 1. Approve the attached "Kazakhstan Aviation Safety Plan for 2024-2027".
- 2. Senior Director of the Department of Safety Management, Quality, Strategy and Compliance Abdugalimov Z. submit an annual report on the implementation of the "Kazakhstan Aviation Safety Plan for 2024-2027".
 - 3. I reserve control over the execution of this order.
 - 4. This order comes into force from the date of its signing.

Director General

C. Radu

AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OF KAZAKHSTAN JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Approved by order

General Director of

JSC "Aviation Administration of Kazakhstan"

06/1134 from 11 December 2023

KAZAKHSTAN AVIATION SAFETY PLAN (KASP) 2024-2027

ASTANA 2023

LIST OF REVISIONS

Revision	Date	Change Summary
1.0	December 2023	Initial version of KASP 2024-2027

December 2023 Page **2** of **28**

CONTENTS

LIST OF REVISIONS	2
CONTENTS	3
GLOSSARY	4
Definitions	4
Abbreviations and acronyms	6
1. INTRODUCTION	7
1.1 Overview of the KASP	7
1.2 Structure of the KASP	7
1.3 Relationship between the KASP and the State Safety Program of	
1.4 Development, implementation and monitoring	8
1.5 National safety goals	8
1.6 Operational context	9
2. PURPOSE OF KAZAKHSTAN AVIATION SAFETY PLAN	11
3. STRATEGIC DIRECTION FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SAFETY IN KAZAKHSTAN	
4. NATIONAL OPERATIONAL SAFETY RISKS	13
5. ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGES	14
6. MONITORING IMPLEMENTATION	17
APPENDIX 1 – Safety enhancement initiatives	18
SIGN OFF SHEET	27

GLOSSARY

Definitions

Audit. A systematic, independent and documented process for obtaining evidence and evaluating it objectively to determine the extent to which requirements and audit criteria are fulfilled.

Audit area. One of eight audit areas pertaining to the Universal Safety Oversight Audit Programme (USOAP), i.e. primary aviation legislation and civil aviation regulations (LEG), civil aviation organization (ORG); personnel licensing and training (PEL); aircraft operations (OPS); airworthiness of aircraft (AIR); aircraft accident and incident investigation (AIG); air navigation services (ANS); and aerodromes and ground aids (AGA).

Critical elements (CEs). The critical elements of a safety oversight system encompass the whole spectrum of civil aviation activities. They are the building blocks upon which an effective safety oversight system is based. The level of effective implementation of the CEs is an indication of a State's capability for safety oversight.

Effective implementation (EI). A measure of the State's safety oversight capability, calculated for each critical element, each audit area or as an overall measure. The EI is expressed as a percentage.

Hazard. A condition or an object with the potential to cause or contribute to an aircraft incident or accident.

Operator. The person, organization or enterprise engaged in or offering to engage in an aircraft operation.

Risk mitigation. The process of incorporating defences, preventive controls or recovery measures to lower the severity and/or likelihood of a hazard's projected consequence.

Runway excursion. Includes all occurrences that involve actual or potential situations where an aircraft leaves the runway or the movement area of an aerodrome or landing surface of any other predesignated landing area without getting airborne.

Runway incursion. Covers any occurrence at an aerodrome involving the incorrect presence of an aircraft, vehicle or person on the protected area of a surface designated for the landing and take-off of aircraft.

Safety. The state in which risks associated with aviation activities, related to, or in direct support of the operation of aircraft, are reduced and controlled to an acceptable level. Safety data. A defined set of facts or set of safety values collected from various aviation-related sources, which is used to maintain or improve safety.

Note.—Such safety data is collected from proactive or reactive safety-related activities, including but not limited to: a) accident or incident investigations; b) safety reporting; c) continuing airworthiness reporting; d) operational performance monitoring; e) inspections, audits, surveys; or f) safety studies and reviews.

December 2023 Page 4 of 28

Safety enhancement initiative (SEI). One or more actions to eliminate or mitigate operational safety risks or to address an identified safety issue. Safety information. Safety data processed, organized or analysed in a given context so as to make it useful for safety management purposes.

Safety management system (SMS). A systematic approach to managing safety, including the necessary organizational structures, accountability, responsibilities, policies and procedures.

Safety oversight. A function performed by a State to ensure that individuals and organizations performing an aviation activity comply with safety-related national laws and regulations.

Safety performance. A State or a service provider's safety achievement as defined by its safety performance targets and safety performance indicators. Safety performance indicator. A data-based parameter used for monitoring and assessing safety performance.

Safety performance target. The State or service provider's planned or intended target for a safety performance indicator over a given period that aligns with the safety objectives.

Safety risk. The predicted probability and severity of the consequences or outcomes of a hazard.

Significant safety concern (SSC). Occurs when the State allows the holder of an authorization or approval to exercise the privileges attached to it, although the minimum requirements established by the State and by the Standards set forth in the Annexes to the Convention are not met, resulting in an immediate safety risk to international civil aviation.

State safety programme (SSP). An integrated set of regulations and activities aimed at improving safety.

December 2023 Page 5 of 28

Abbreviations and acronyms

AAK Aviation Administration of Kazakhstan

ANC Air Navigation Commission ASBU Aviation system block upgrade

ATS Air traffic service BD Board of Directors

CANSO Civil Air Navigation Services Organisation

CAP Corrective action plan

CAST Commercial Aviation Safety Team

CE Critical element

CFIT Controlled flight into terrain CMA Continuous monitoring approach

COSCAP Cooperative Development of Operational Safety and Continuing

Airworthiness Programme

EASA European Union Aviation Safety Agency

EI Effective implementation
GASP Global Aviation Safety Plan

GASP-SG Global Aviation Safety Plan Study Group
G-HRC Global high-risk category of occurrence
IATA International Air Transport Association

IOSA IATA Operational Safety Audit

ISAGO IATA Safety Audit for Ground Operations

LOC-I Loss of control in-flight

MAC Mid-air collision

NASP National aviation safety plan

N-HRC National high-risk category of occurrences

NSG National safety goal
NST National safety target
OLF Online framework
PQ Protocol question

RASG Regional aviation safety group RASP Regional aviation safety plan

RE Runway excursion
RI Runway incursion

SARPs Standards and Recommended Practices

SDCPS Safety data collection and processing systems

SEI Safety enhancement initiative
SMS Safety management system
SPI Safety performance indicator
SSC Significant safety concern
CASP (SSP) Civil aviation safety program

USOAP Universal Safety Oversight Audit Programme

December 2023 Page **6** of **28**

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview of the KASP

Kazakhstan is committed to enhancing aviation safety and to the resourcing of supporting activities. The purpose of this Kazakhstan aviation safety plan (hereinafter - KASP) is to continually reduce fatalities, and the risk of fatalities, through the development and implementation of a national aviation safety strategy.

A safe, resilient and sustainable aviation system contributes to the economic development of its industries. The KASP promotes the effective implementation of the safety oversight system, a risk-based approach to managing safety, as well as a coordinated approach to collaboration between other States, regions and industry. All stakeholders are encouraged to support and implement the KASP as the strategy for the continuous improvement of aviation safety.

The KASP is developed in accordance with the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Global Aviation Safety Plan (GASP, Doc 10004), the EUR Regional Aviation Safety Plan 2023-2025 (EUR RASP), State Safety Program of Kazakhstan (Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated March 11, 2016 No. 136) and Concepts for the development of transport and logistics potential of the Republic of Kazakhstan until 2030 (Decree of the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated December 30, 2022 No. 1116).

1.2 Structure of the KASP

It comprises six sections. In addition to the introduction, sections include: the purpose of the KASP, strategic direction for the management of aviation safety in Kazakhstan, the national operational safety risks identified for the KASP, organizational challenges addressed in the KASP, and a description of how the implementation of the safety enhancement initiatives (hereinafter - SEIs) listed in the KASP is going to be monitored.

1.3 Relationship between the KASP and the State Safety Program of Kazakhstan

State Safety Program (hereinafter - SSP) of Kazakhstan includes the regulations, processes and activities for the national safety oversight and aviation safety management. The KASP is a supporting document of the SSP and outlines the implementation of the strategic direction of Kazakhstan for the management of aviation safety for a set period. This plan lists national safety issues with respective SPIs and SPTs to help address identified safety deficiencies and maintain/achieve an acceptable level of aviation safety.

Safety enhancement initiatives listed in this KASP address organizational challenges and aim to enhance organizational capabilities related to effective safety oversight.

December 2023 Page 7 of 28

1.4 Development, implementation and monitoring

The Aviation Administration of Kazakhstan (hereinafter - AAK) is responsible entity for leading the development of the KASP. Other stakeholders such as the Kazaeronavigatsiya, Air Astana, Scat, Qazaq Air, Euro-Asia Air, Almaty International Airport, Nursultan Nazarbayev International Airport have been identified as members of the KASP development team. The team, under the leadership and direction of the AAK, are responsible for the implementation and monitoring of the KASP. The KASP is approved by the AAK General Director.

The AAK initiates and manages the review of the KASP at least once every four (4) years, or more frequently as required, to ensure the continued relevance of the KASP. In collaboration with the Kazakhstan aviation industry, the AAK leads the identification and assessment of new or emerging risks as well as the review of existing risks.

1.5 National safety goals

Kazakhstan's safety goals, which align with the GASP global safety goals are outlined in Table 1.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
GASP Goals	Achieve a continuous reduction of operational safety risks	Strengthen their safety oversight capabilities	Implement effective State safety programs (SSPs)	Increase collaboration at the regional level	Expand the use of industry programs and safety information sharing networks by service providers	Ensure the appropriate infrastructure is available to support safe operations
KASP Goals	Improve the safety of Kazakhstan aviation operations across all sectors and reduce the operational risks	Strengthen Kazakhstan's safety oversight capabilities	Implement an effective SSP	Expand the collaboration at regional level	Expand the use of industry safety programs and safety information sharing networks by service providers	Ensure Kazakhstan has the appropriate aviation infrastructure to support safe operations

Table 1. KASP goals

The KASP addresses organizational challenges and operational safety risks. The main goal is maintaining a zero rate of national fatal accidents.

The first edition of the KASP will be focused on commercial air transport, however it is planned to be expanded to the aerial works and general aviation in further revision.

December 2023 Page **8** of **28**

1.6 Operational context

Detailed information on the industry stakeholders and breakdown by components is presented below:



Aircraft

- ✓ Registered aircraft
 - Aircraft with MTOM less than 5700 kg 565
 - Aircraft with MTOM greater than 5700 kg - 257



General Aviation

- ✓ Helicopters 165
- ✓ Baloons 113



Aerodromes

- ✓ Active Aerodromes
 - Certified 24 (national 6, international 18)
 - Non-certified 5
- ✓ Aircraft movements 166 228



Training Organisations

- ✓ Approved Training Organisations
- ✓ Declared Training Organisations 2
- ✓ Testing Organisations 7



Air Operators

- ✓ Air Operators Certificates
 - CAT 19
 - Aerial work 35



Remote Piloted Aircraft Systems

- ✓ UAS remote pilot certificate holders (138)
- ✓ Organizations holding an active UAS aerial works permit (23)



Air Navigation Service Provider

- ✓ Air Navigation Service Providers 3 active and certified ANSP providers:
- * "Kazaeronavigatsia" RSE (international and national) with services: Air Traffic Service (ATS), Emergency alert service (AL), Communication, Navigation and Surveillance Service (CNS), Aeronautical Information Service (AIS), Aeronautical Meteorological Service (MET);
- 2 of them are national:
- "Caspian Radio Services" JSC with services: ATS, AL, CNS, MET, Preflight Information Bulletin (PIB);
- Aviation training center "Balapan": Aerodrome Flight Information Service (AFIS), AL.
- ✓ Airspace classified as C, D, G

December 2023 Page 9 of 28



Maintenance Organisations



Licence Holders

- ✓ AMO 33
- ✓ Operators with airworthiness maintenance 53



Aviation Medicine

- ✓ Aeromedical examiners 7
- ✓ Aeromedical centers 2

- ✓ Private Pilots 332 (A), 12 (H)
- ✓ Air Transport Pilots 595 (A), 115 (H)
- ✓ Commercial Pilots 524 (A), 130 (H)
- ✓ Light Aircraft Pilots 335
- ✓ Free Balloon Pilots 6
- ✓ Flight navigator 36
- ✓ Flight radiotelephone operator 4
- ✓ Flight engineer 32 (A), 56 (H)
- ✓ Flight dispatcher 79
- ✓ Maintenance Engineers 1445
- ✓ Air Traffic Controllers 772
- ✓ Aeronautical Station Operator 22

December 2023 Page 10 of 28

2. PURPOSE OF KAZAKHSTAN AVIATION SAFETY PLAN

The KASP is the master planning document containing the strategic direction of for the management of aviation safety for a period of 4 years (2024 to 2027). This plan lists national safety issues, sets national safety goals and targets, and presents a series of SEIs to achieve those goals.

The KASP has been developed using the safety goals and targets and high-risk categories of occurrences (hereinafter - HRCs) from both the GASP (www.icao.int/gasp) and the EUR/NAT RASP (https://www.icao.int/eurnat/). The SEIs listed in the KASP support the improvement of safety at the wider regional and international levels in the line with GASP and RASP and include several actions to address specific safety issues and recommended SEIs (https://www.icao.int/eurnat/).

3. STRATEGIC DIRECTION FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF AVIATION SAFETY IN KAZAKHSTAN

The KASP presents the SEIs derived from the SSP, including Kazakhstan's safety risk management process and safety data collection and processing systems, as well as the work undertaken by service providers in the development and implementation of their SMS. This plan is developed and maintained by AAK, in coordination with all stakeholders and is updated at least once every four (4) years, or more frequently as required.

The KASP includes the following national safety goals and targets for the management of aviation safety, as well as a series of indicators to monitor the progress made towards their achievement.

Goal	Targets	Indicators	Link to GASP and RASP
Operational safety	risks		
1. Improve the safety of Kazakhstan aviation operations across all sectors and reduce the operational risks	1.1. Maintain a decreasing trend of national accident rate 1.2 Decrease the number of safety occurrences associated with High-Risk Category (HRC) 1.3 Decrease the number of safety occurrences associated with the presence of wildlife on and in aerodrome vicinity	Number of accidents occurring in Kazakhstan per 10 000 flights Number of fatal accidents occurring in Kazakhstan per 10 000 flights Number of serious incidents and incidents related to HRC (LOC-I, MAC, CFIT, RE, RI) per 10 000 flights Bird strike occurrence rate per 10 000 flights	This goal is directly linked to Goal 1 and Target 1.1 of the GASP & linked to Goal 1 and Target 1.1 of the RASP

December 2023 Page 11 of 28

Goal	Targets	Indicators	Link to GASP and RASP
Organizational ch	allenges		
2. Strengthen Kazakhstan's	2.1 By 2026, reach an EI of the CEs of the	Meet EI score Number of fully implemented	This goal is directly linked
safety oversight capabilities	Kazakhstan safety oversight system score of 90%	priority Protocol Questions (PQ) related to a safety oversight system Percentage of required corrective action plans (CAPs) submitted by Kazakhstan (using OLF) Percentage of completed CAPs (using OLF)	to Goal 2 and Target 2.1 of the GASP & linked to Goal 2 and Target 2.1 of the RASP
3. Implement effective SSP	3.1 By 2025, effective implementing the SSP foundation 3.2 By Jan 2024, publish a Kazakhstan aviation	Number of applicable Service Providers who have implemented an SMS Publication of approved KASP in AAK website	This goal is directly linked to Goal 3 of the GASP and Goal 3 of the RASP
4. Expand the collaboration at regional level	safety plan (KASP) 4.1 By 2025, contribute information on operational safety risks, including safety performance indicators (SPIs), and emerging issues	Number of applicable Service Providers who have shared their SPIs	This goal is directly linked to Goal 4 of the GASP and Goal 4 of the RASP
5. Expand the use of industry programmes and safety information sharing networks	5.1 Maintain an increasing trend in industry's contribution in safety information sharing networks	Number of service providers contributing to an SDCPS or a safety information sharing network	This goal is directly linked to Goal 5 of the GASP and Goal 5 of the RASP
6. Ensure Kazakhstan has the appropriate aviation infrastructure to support safe operations	6.1 By 2026, maintain in increasing trend with air navigation and aerodrome infrastructure that meet relevant ICAO standards.	Number or percentage of infrastructure-related air navigation deficiencies, against the global air navigation plans Number or percentage implemented infrastructure-related PQs linked to the basic building blocks	This goal is directly linked to Goal 6 of the GASP and Goal 6 of the RASP

Table 2. National safety goals and targets

The SEIs in this plan are implemented through AAK's existing safety oversight capabilities and safety management systems of the service providers. SEIs derived from the ICAO Global Aviation Safety Roadmap (Doc 10161) were identified to achieve the national safety goals presented in the KASP. Some of the national SEIs are linked to overarching SEIs at the regional and international levels and help to enhance aviation safety globally. The full list of the SEIs is presented in Appendix 1 to the KASP.

December 2023 Page 12 of 28

4. NATIONAL OPERATIONAL SAFETY RISKS

The KASP includes SEIs that address national operational safety risks, derived from lessons learned from occurrences and from a data-driven approach. These SEIs include actions such as rule-making, policy development, targeted safety oversight activities, safety data analysis and safety promotion.

The AAK publishes an Annual Safety Report. A summary of accidents that occurred in Kazakhstan, and those involved in commercial air transport and aircraft involved in general aviation, aerial work and flight training organization (FTO) is shown in the tables below:

Year	Fatal accidents	Non-fatal accidents
Commercial air trai	nsport occurrences in Kazakhstan	1
Average 2011-2022	0.2	1
2022 Year	0	0
General aviation / A	erial work / FTO aircraft occurre	ences in Kazakhstan
Average 2011-2022	1.7	2.2
2022 Year	0	2

Table 3. Summary of accidents

The following 5 national high-risk categories of occurrences (N-HRCs) in the Kazakhstan context were considered of the utmost priority because of the number of fatalities and risk of fatalities associated with such occurrences. They were identified based on analyses from mandatory reporting systems, accident and incident investigation reports, as well as on the basis of operational safety risks described in the GASP.

- 1) Loss of control in-flight (LOC-I);
- 2) Controlled flight into terrain (CFIT);
- 3) Mid-air collision (MAC);
- 4) Runway excursion (RE);
- 5) Runway incursion (RI);

December 2023 Page **13** of **28**

5. ORGANIZATIONAL CHALLENGES

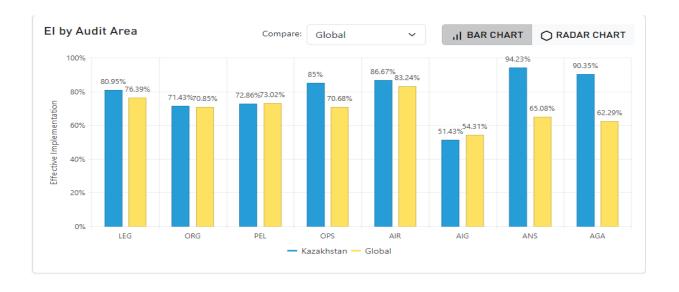
In addition to the national operational safety risks listed in the KASP, Kazakhstan has identified organizational challenges and a series of SEIs, selected for the KASP, to address them. These are given priority in the KASP since they are aimed at enhancing and strengthening Kazakhstan's safety oversight capabilities and the management of aviation safety at the national level.

The eight critical elements (CEs) of a safety oversight system are defined by ICAO. Kazakhstan is committed to the effective implementation of these eight CEs, as part of its overall safety oversight responsibilities, which emphasize commitment of Kazakhstan to the safety in respect of its aviation activities.

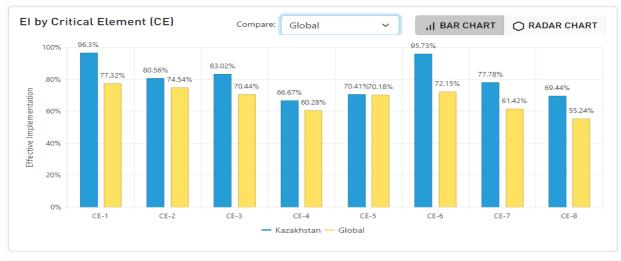
The latest ICAO activities, which aim to measure the effective implementation of the eight CEs of Kazakhstan's safety oversight system, as part of the ICAO Universal Safety Oversight Audit Programme (USOAP), have resulted in the following scores (as of August 2021):

Overall EI score (%)							
			82.	1%			
			EI score b	y CE (%)			
CE-1	CE-2	CE-3	CE-4	CE-5	CE-6	CE-7	CE-8
96.3%	80.56%	83.02%	66.67%	70.41%	95.73%	77.78%	69.44%
		E	score by a	udit area (%	6)		
LEG	ORG	PEL	OPS	AIR	AIG	ANS	AGA
80.95%	71.43%	72.86%	85%	86.67%	51.43%	94.23%	90.35%

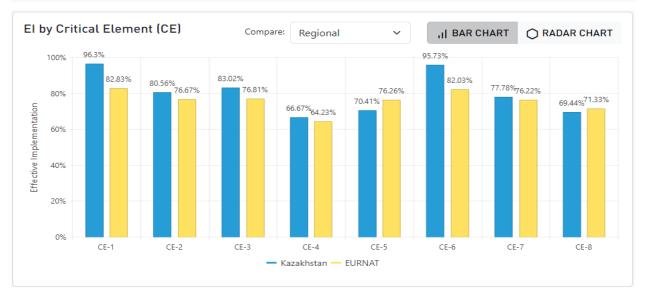
Table 4. Critical Elements (CE) of safety oversight system



December 2023 Page **14** of **28**







The following organizational challenges in the context were considered of the utmost priority because they impact the effectiveness of safety risk controls. They were identified based on analysis from USOAP data, accident and incident investigation reports, safety oversight activities over the past years, the SSP, as well as on the basis of regional analysis conducted within EUR RASG of ICAO. These

December 2023 Page **15** of **28**

issues are typically organizational in nature and relate to challenges associated with the conduct of States' safety oversight functions, implementation of SSP at the national level and the level of SMS implementation by national service providers. They take into consideration organizational culture, policies and procedures within AAK and those of service providers. These organizational challenges are in line with those listed in the 2023-2026 of the GASP, as well as the RASP:

- 1) Lack of personnel licensing system this was the area, where Kazakhstan received the lowest EI score during the last USOAP, below Global and Regional averages, especially lack of examiners.
- 2) Inadequate technical guidance CE5 was the area, where Kazakhstan received the lowest EI score during the last USOAP, below Global and Regional averages.
- 3) Implementation of SMS by service providers oversight has shown that service providers are at a different level of SMS.
- 4) Competency of technical personnel CE4 was the area, where Kazakhstan received the lowest EI score during the last USOAP, below Global and Regional averages.
 - 5) Timely implementation of amendments to ICAO SAPRs.

To address the organizational challenges listed above, Kazakhstan will implement a series of SEIs, some of which are derived from the ICAO ORG roadmap, contained in the ICAO Global Aviation Safety Roadmap (Doc 10161). The full list of the SEIs is presented in Appendix 1 to the KASP.

December 2023 Page 16 of 28

6. MONITORING IMPLEMENTATION

The AAK will continuously monitor the implementation of the SEIs listed in the KASP and measure safety performance of the national civil aviation system to ensure the intended results are achieved, using the mechanisms presented in the Appendix 1 to this plan.

In addition to the above, AAK will review the KASP at least once every four (4) years or earlier, if required, to keep the identified operational safety risks, organizational challenges and selected SEIs updated and relevant. The AAK will periodically review the safety performance of the initiatives listed in the KASP to ensure the achievement of national safety goals. If required, AAK will seek the support of international organizations to ensure the timely implementation of SEIs to address safety deficiencies and mitigate risks. Through close monitoring of the SEIs, AAK will adjust the KASP and its initiatives, if needed, and update the KASP accordingly.

The AAK will use the indicators listed in Section 3 of this plan to measure safety performance of the civil aviation system and monitor each national safety target.

If the national safety goals are not met, the root causes will be identified. If AAK identifies critical operational safety risks, reasonable measures will be taken to mitigate them as soon as practicable, possibly leading to an unscheduled revision of the KASP.

The AAK is responsible for the development, implementation and monitoring of the KASP with SEIs listed, in collaboration with the national aviation industry. The KASP was developed in consultation with national operators and other stakeholders, and in alignment with the EUR/NAT RASP and GASP.

December 2023 Page 17 of 28

APPENDIX 1 – Safety enhancement initiatives

Operational Safety risks

Goal 1: Improve the safety of Kazakhstan aviation operations across all sectors and reduce the operational risks

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
SEI-1	1A. Establish SSP safety performance indicators of operational safety risks	2024	AAK	AAK	Н
Continued availability of safety data and	1B. Develop safety performance measurement guidance/instrument aligned with the global safety metrics, using the established safety risk management process	2024	AAK	Industry	Н
safety information to support safety management activities at the	1C. Promote safety awareness and the two-way communication, sharing and exchange of safety-relevant information within the Kazakhstan's aviation organizations and encourage sharing of safety information with industry within the Kazakhstan	2025	AAK	Industry	Н
national level	1D. Digitization of business processes and control and oversight activities to safety improvement.	2026	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-2 Mitigate the	2A Review and amend in SEIs-2 to mitigate the risk of the identified contributing factors, if any, for CFIT.	Continuing process	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
risk of "Controlled flight into	2B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall monitor the implementation of SEIs-2 by industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
terrain – (CFIT)" occurrences	2C. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs-2) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations and state safety oversight report concerning CFIT	Continuing process	AAK Industry	AAK Industry	Н

December 2023 Page 18 of 28

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
	2D. Validate the effectiveness of the SEI-2 through the analysis of Flight Data Monitoring and pilots' reports applying safety management methodologies.	Continuing process	Air Operators	AAK Air Operators (AOC holders)	H
SEI-3 Mitigate the	3A Review and amend in SEIs-3 to mitigate the risk of the identified contributing factors, if any, for MAC.	Continuing process	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
risk of "Mid-air collision – (MAC)"	3B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall monitor the implementation of SEIs-3 by industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
occurrences	3C. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs-3) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations and state safety oversight report concerning MAC	Continuing process	AAK Industry	AAK Industry	H
	3D. Validate the effectiveness of the SEI-3 presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Flight Data Monitoring and pilots' reports applying safety management methodologies.	Continuing process	Air Operators	AAK Air Operators (AOC holders)	Н
	3E. Validate the actions related to implementation of the ICAO Aviation System Upgrade Blocks (Air Navigation System Block Upgrade (ASBU)) connected to MAC	Continuing process	ANSP	AAK ANSP	Н
SEI-4 Mitigate the	4A Review and amend in SEIs-4 to mitigate the risk of the identified contributing factors, if any, for LOC-I.	Continuing process	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
risk of "Loss of control in flight	4B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall monitor the implementation of SEIs-4 by industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н

December 2023 Page **19** of **28**

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
(LOC-I)" occurrences	4C. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs-4) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations and state safety oversight report concerning LOC-I	Continuing process	AAK Industry	AAK Industry	H
	4D. Validate the effectiveness of the SEI-4 presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Flight Data Monitoring and pilots' reports applying safety management methodologies.	Continuing process	Air Operators	AAK Air Operators (AOC holders)	Н
SEI-5 Mitigate the	5A Review and amend in SEIs-5 to mitigate the risk of the identified contributing factors, if any, for RE.	Continuing process	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
risk of "Runway excursion	5B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall monitor the implementation of SEI-5 by industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
Mitigate the risk of "Runway excursion (RE)" 5B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall of SEI-5 by industry 5C. Establishment of the National Runway Sat	5C. Establishment of the National Runway Safety Group	2024	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	5D. Establishment of a State Runway Safety Programme and Runway Safety Action Plan	2024	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	5E. Implementation of a State Runway Safety Programme and Runway Safety Action Plan	2027	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	5F. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs-5) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations and state safety oversight report concerning RE	Continuing process	AAK Industry	AAK Industry	H

December 2023 Page **20** of **28**

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
	5G. Validate the effectiveness of the SEI-5 presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Flight Data Monitoring and pilots' reports applying safety management methodologies.	Continuing process	Air Operators	AAK Air Operators (AOC holders)	Н
SEI-6 Mitigate the	6A Review and amend in SEIs-6 to mitigate the risk of the identified contributing factors, if any, for RI.	Continuing process	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
risk of "Runway incursion (RI)"	6B. As part of oversight activities, AAK shall monitor the implementation of SEIs-6 by industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
occurrences	6C. Establishment of the National Runway Safety Group	2024	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	6D. Establishment of a State Runway Safety Programme and Runway Safety Action Plan	2024	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	6E. Implementation of a State Runway Safety Programme and Runway Safety Action Plan	2027	AAK	AAK Industry	Н
	6F. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs-6) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations and state safety oversight report concerning RI	Continuing process	AAK Industry	AAK Industry	Н
	6G. Validate the effectiveness of the SEI-6 presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Flight Data Monitoring and pilots' reports applying safety management methodologies.	Continuing process	Air Operators	AAK Air Operators (AOC holders)	Н

December 2023 Page **21** of **28**

Safety enhancement initiatives	enhancement		Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
	6H. Validate the actions related to implementation of the ICAO Aviation System Upgrade Blocks (Air Navigation System Block Upgrade (ASBU)) connected to RI	Continuing process	ANSP	AAK ANSP	Н
SEI-7 Mitigate contributing factors to presence of	7A. Implement the following safety actions:a) Ensure the amendment of aerodrome's procedures of wildlife management controlb) Ensure training to all personnel involved in wildlife management control	Continuing process	Aerodromes	Aerodromes, AAK	Н
wildlife on and in the	7B. Continuous a wildlife hazard assessment in the aerodrome and vicinity of the airport	Continuing process	Aerodromes	Aerodromes,	Н
aerodrome vicinity	7C. Promote the mutual coordination and communication among aerodrome operators and other state departments regarding land-use planning and development in the vicinity of aerodrome	Continuing process	Aerodromes	AAK Aerodromes,	Н
	7D. Implement effective control measures in the aerodrome	Continuing process	Aerodromes	AAK Aerodromes,	Н
	7E. Validate the effectiveness of the Safety Enhancement Initiatives (SEIs) presented in this roadmap through the analysis of Mandatory Occurrence Reporting (MORs) and accident/incident investigations state safety oversight report.	Continuing process	AAK Aerodromes	AAK, Aerodromes	H

December 2023 Page **22** of **28**

Organizational challenges

Goal 2: Strengthen Kazakhstan's safety oversight capabilities

Goal 3: Implement effective SSP

Goal 4: Expand the collaboration at regional level

Goal 5: Expand the use of industry programmes and safety information sharing networks

Goal 6: Ensure Kazakhstan has the appropriate aviation infrastructure to support safe operations

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
SEI-8 Consistent implementation of ICAO SARPs at the national level	8A - Address all priority protocol questions (PQs) of the USOAP CMA	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	8B - Increase the level of compliance with ICAO SARPs and the EI of CEs at the national level (all CEs)	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	8C - Revise the regulations to empower the competent authority to conduct regulatory oversight	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-9 Development a	9A - Improve the controlling system to promulgate technical guidance and tools, and provide safety-critical information needed for technical personnel to effectively perform their safety oversight functions	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
comprehensive regulatory oversight framework	9B - Establish an effective system to attract, recruit, train and retain qualified and sufficient technical personnel to support regulatory oversight	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н

December 2023 Page 23 of 28

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
SEI-10 Strategic allocation of	10A - Review the process for the resource planning and allocation in alignment with the current authority's organizational structure and current challenges, which is required to conduct effective safety oversight	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
resources to enable effective safety oversight	10B - Obtain a sustainable and stable source of financing through commitments from the national and agency leadership and other stakeholders	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	10C - Develop a process for assessing changing resource requirements and sustain necessary coordination with resource stakeholders for safety oversight improvements	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-11 Qualified technical	11A - Implement a centralized system to identify and track qualifications and training of existing technical personnel necessary to implement the oversight mandate	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
personnel to support effective safety	11B - Improve the current system to attract, recruit, train and retain qualified and sufficient technical personnel to support regulatory oversight	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
oversight	11C - Implement training policies and programmes for technical personnel and verify that the type and frequency of training successfully completed (i.e. initial, recurrent, specialized and on-the-job training) are sufficient to acquire/maintain the required qualifications and level of competence corresponding to the assigned duties and responsibilities of technical personnel	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	11D - Develop a process for assessing changing needs for qualified technical personnel requirements and develop procedures to update hiring, retention and training of personnel needs	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-12	12A - Establish and implement a process for sharing technical guidance, tools and safety-critical information related to KASP implementation	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н

December 2023 Page **24** of **28**

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
Strategic collaboration	including advisory circulars, staff instructions, safety performance indicators, etc. in collaboration with national stakeholders				
with key aviation stakeholders	12B - Collaborate, develop, and agree KASP with key aviation stakeholders for further implementation	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	12C - Establish a system for the continuous evaluation and improvement of KASP in collaboration with all key aviation stakeholders	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-13 Provision of the	13A - Update USOAP corrective action plan items	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
primary source of safety	13B - Update and submit the self-assessment checklist based on USOAP CMA PQs	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
information to ICAO by updating all	13C - Update and submit the State aviation activity questionnaire	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
relevant documents and	13D - Update and submit the compliance checklists on the electronic filing of differences system	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
records	13E - Update documents and records, as required, in a timely manner	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-14 Acquisition of resources to	14A - Identify resources needed to support safety intelligence collection and processing, advanced data analysis, risk modelling and information-sharing capabilities	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
increase the proactive use of risk modelling capabilities	14B - Attract, recruit, train and retain qualified technical personnel to specialize in risk modelling	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н

December 2023 Page **25** of **28**

Safety enhancement initiatives	Action	Timeline	Responsible entity	Stakeholders	Priority
SEI-15 Advancement of safety risk management at the national level	15A - Establish data sharing connectivity and integration among the aviation safety databases of the State, including the mandatory occurrences reporting system, voluntary safety reporting systems, safety audit reports and aviation system statistics (traffic volume, weather information, EI scores, etc.)	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	15B - Develop risk modelling capabilities to support monitoring system safety issues and accident/incident prevention	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
	15C - Encourage information-sharing with industry	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н
SEI-16 Expand the use of industry programmes	16A - Encourage industry to participate in the corresponding ICAO-recognized industry assessment programmes (etc. for aerodromes operators - ACI Airport Excellence (APEX) in Safety, for ground handlers - IATA Safety Audit for Ground Operations (ISAGO), for aircraft operators - IATA Operational Safety Audit (IOSA))	Continuing process	AAK	AAK	Н

December 2023 Page **26** of **28**

SIGN-OFF SHEET

#	Name	Organization	Date	Signature
1.	2 hanax Abdugalinov	AAK	21.12.23	fu
2.	Alai lym Raim zhanov a	AAK	21.12.23	B
3.	Svetlana Yeroshina	AAK	21.12.23	En-
4.	Yernan Amantaiuly	AHK	21.12.25	24-1-
5.	Rishat Rozbakiyev	AAK	21.12.23.	A Software
6.	Therod	AAK	22-12-23	do
7.	Audeyer OLeg	AAK	22.12.23	Afry
8.	Aslan Satzhanov	AAK	22.12.23	Jalo
9.	Ardyn Akylbelcov	AAK	22.42.2675	A
10.	Vyacheslav Skiteikin	AAK	22,12,2013	Carl
11.	Trail Vrulduzbayer	AAK	22.12.2023	+0
12.	WAN BABIC	AAK	12.12.202	Boriel

Kitashiran Larina Sana Panak Istia a. J. 2027

()rganization Date Signature Katartee Anton Contract 15 12 21 Dayanova Inina ISC Aiscompany 25. 12. 23 & Daying Albenia Tagiyan Scared 2020 34 Serikbayeva Gozel Almaty International 26 72 2023 Kenzhebayar Diman ALA 26+22023 Thomast Claustemor JSC , QAZAR AIR" (Byen) Davletgariger Rinot RSE, KAN" PROGS Vistapu VIKtor RSE KAN L

Page 28 - 28